UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
BEATRICE APPLEWHITE, Plaintiff,	X Case No. 19 CV 3711
,	COMPLAINT
-against-	JURY DEMAND
THE CITY OF NEW YORK, and JOHN	
DOE AND JANE DOE #1-8 (the names	
John and Jane Doe being fictitious, as	
the true names are presently unknown),	
Defendants.	
	X

Plaintiff, BEATRICE APPLEWHITE, by her attorney, The Law Offices of UGO UZOH, P.C., complaining of the defendants herein, The City of New York, John Doe and Jane Doe #1-8 (collectively, "Defendants"), respectfully alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is an action at law to redress the deprivation of rights secured to the plaintiff under color of statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, and/or to redress the deprivation of rights, privileges, and immunities secured to the plaintiff by the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and by Title 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and arising under the law and statutes of the City and State of New York.

JURISDICTION

- 2. The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, 28 U.S.C. § 1343, 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 28 U.S.C. § 1367, and under the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 3. As the deprivation of rights complained of herein occurred within the Eastern District of New York, venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 (b) and (c).

THE PARTIES

4. Plaintiff is and was at all times material herein a resident of the United States and the State of North Carolina.

- 5. Defendant City of New York ("City") is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York.
- 6. The City of New York Police Department ("NYPD") is an agency of defendant City, and all officers referred to herein were at all times relevant to this complaint employees and agents of defendant City.
- 7. Defendants John Doe and Jane Doe #1-8 were at all times material herein individuals and/or officers employed by the NYPD. They are named here in their official and individual capacities.
- 8. Defendants John Doe and Jane Doe #1-8 are collectively referred to herein as "defendant officers".
- 9. At all times material to this Complaint, the defendant officers acted toward plaintiff under color of the statutes, ordinances, customs, and usage of the State and City of New York.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 10. On or about September 20, 2018, at approximately 6:00 a.m., defendant officers, acting in concert, arrested the plaintiff without cause at 197 Patchen Avenue, 1st Floor, Brooklyn, New York ("premises"), and charged her with several crimes.
- 11. Plaintiff, however, did not commit any offense against the laws of New York City and/or State for which any arrest may be lawfully made.
- 12. Prior to the arrest, plaintiff was on a visit from North Carolina when defendant officers forced their way into the premises.
- 13. The premises comprises, among others, a living room and three (3) bedrooms.
- 14. Plaintiff at the time had just arrived and was seated in the living room.
- 15. Upon entry, defendant officers demanded to see the plaintiff's son, Christopher Applewhite, and indicated that they had a warrant authorizing his arrest.
- 16. Defendant officers also requested the plaintiff to sign a consent form or document authorizing them to search the premises.

- 17. Plaintiff stated that she was just visiting, and could not authorize a search of the premises since she did not have any control over the premises.
- 18. Defendant officers became angry and agitated.
- 19. Defendant officers immediately proceeded to forcibly grab the plaintiff and tightly handcuffed her with her hands placed behind her back, causing her to sustain cuts and bruises.
- 20. Plaintiff complained that the handcuffs were too tight.
- 21. Defendant officers refused plaintiff's entreaties to remove or loosen the handcuffs.
- 22. Defendant officers subjected the plaintiff to an illegal search.
- 23. Defendant officers did not recover any contraband from their unlawful search of the plaintiff.
- 24. At all times material to this Complaint, no contraband was located in plain view and no contraband was located in any area where it could be argued that the plaintiff saw such contraband, had regular access to such area and/or exercised dominion and control over the area.
- 25. Defendant officers forcibly removed the plaintiff from the premises and transported her to NYPD-81st Precinct.
- 26. Plaintiff who had been placed on a treatment plan by her physicians requested to be allowed to bring and/or take her medications with her.
- 27. Defendant officers refused plaintiff's entreaties and did not allow the plaintiff to bring and/or take her medications.
- 28. Defendant officers further subjected the plaintiff to an illegal search at the precinct.
- 29. Defendant officers did not recover any contraband from their unlawful search of the plaintiff.
- 30. Notwithstanding the above, defendant officers continued to detain the plaintiff.
- 31. At some point following her arrest, defendant officers met with prosecutors employed by the Kings County District Attorney's Office.

- During this meeting, defendant officers falsely stated to the prosecutors, among other things, that the plaintiff committed the charged crime/offense(s), and later forwarded to the prosecutors their falsified police records and reports.
- 33. Relying upon the falsified police records, reports and statements, the prosecutors initiated criminal actions against the plaintiff.
- 34. The prosecutors subsequently conducted an independent investigation and concluded that there was no evidence of any crime committed by the plaintiff.
- 35. As a result, the prosecutors declined to prosecute the plaintiff.
- 36. After detaining the plaintiff for a lengthy period of time, defendant officers summarily released the plaintiff from her unlawful detention.
- 37. Each and every officer who responded to and/or was present at the location of the arrest and/or at the precinct, station house or facility knew and was fully aware that the plaintiff did not commit any crime or offense, and had a realistic opportunity to intervene to prevent the harm detailed above from occurring.
- Further, each and every officer and/or individual who responded to, had any involvement and/or was present at the location of the assault knew and was fully aware of the assault and had a realistic opportunity to intervene to prevent the serious harm detailed above from occurring.
- 39. Nonetheless, defendants did absolutely nothing to discourage and prevent the harm detailed above from occurring and failed to protect and ensure the safety of the plaintiff.
- 40. As a result of the aforesaid actions by defendants, plaintiff suffered and continues to suffer emotional distress, fear, embarrassment, humiliation, shock, discomfort, loss of liberty, loss of rights to familial association, wages and financial losses, pain and damage, and damage to reputation.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: FALSE ARREST - against defendant officers

- 41. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 40 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 42. The conduct of defendant officers, as described herein, amounted to false arrest.
- 43. Such conduct violated plaintiff's rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 44. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: EXCESSIVE USE OF FORCE - against defendant officers

- 45. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 44 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 46. The conduct of defendant officers, as described herein, amounted to excessive use of force.
- 47. Such conduct described herein violated plaintiff's rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 48. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION: FABRICATION OF EVIDENCE - against defendant officers

- 49. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 48 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 50. Defendant officers manufactured evidence of criminality against the plaintiff which the prosecutors relied upon to initiate criminal actions against the plaintiff.

- 51. The conduct of defendant officers, as described herein, amounted to fabrication of evidence.
- 52. Such conduct described herein violated plaintiff's rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 53. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION: DELIBERATE INDIFFERENCE - against defendant officers

- By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 53 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 55. Defendant officers refused to provide the plaintiff with treatment and medications thereby causing her condition to deteriorate.
- Defendant officers denied plaintiff treatment needed to remedy her serious medical conditions and did so because of their deliberate indifference to plaintiff's need for medical treatment and care.
- 57. Such conduct described herein violated plaintiff's rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 58. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION: FIRST AMENDMENT RETALIATION - against defendant officers

- 59. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 58 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 60. Defendant officers became angry and agitated after they were informed by the plaintiff that she could not authorize a search of the premises.

- 61. In retaliation, defendant officers immediately proceeded to forcibly arrest the plaintiff.
- 62. Such conduct described herein violated plaintiff's rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 63. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

<u>SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION: UNREASONABLE SEARCH & SEIZURE - against defendant officers</u>

- By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 63 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 65. Defendant officers subjected plaintiff to unreasonable search & seizure.
- 66. Such conduct described herein violated plaintiff's rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 67. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

<u>SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: UNREASONABLE DETENTION - against defendant officers</u>

- 68. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 67 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 69. Defendant officers denied plaintiff her due process right to be free from continued detention after it was or should have been known that plaintiff was entitled to release.
- 70. The conduct of defendant officers, as described herein, amounted to unreasonable detention.

- 71. Such conduct described herein violated plaintiff's rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 72. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

<u>EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION: FAILURE TO INTERVENE - against defendant officers</u>

- By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 72 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 74. That each and every officer and/or individual who responded to, had any involvement and/or was present at the location of the arrest, assault and/or incident described herein knew and was fully aware that plaintiff did not commit any crime or offense, and had a realistic opportunity to intervene to prevent the harm detailed above from occurring.
- 75. Nonetheless, defendant officers did absolutely nothing to discourage and prevent the harm detailed above from occurring and failed to intervene.
- 76. Such conduct described herein violated plaintiff's rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 77. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION: FAILURE TO TRAIN/SUPERVISE/DISCIPLINE/SCREEN AND MUNICIPAL POLICY - against defendant City

- 78. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 77 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 79. Defendant City of New York, acting through the NYPD, had actual and/or de facto policies, practices, customs and/or usages of failing to properly train, supervise or discipline its police officers concerning correct practices in

conducting investigations, the proper identification procedures, the proper use of force, reasonable search of individuals and/or their properties, the seizure, voucher and/or release of seized properties, obligation not to promote or condone perjury and/or assist in the prosecution of innocent persons and obligation to effect an arrest only when probable cause exists for such arrest. In addition, defendant City had actual and/or de facto policies, practices, customs and/or usages of failing to properly screen its prospective police officers for mental fitness, history of misconduct, good moral character and propensity for violence.

- 80. Defendant City of New York, acting through aforesaid NYPD, had actual and/or de facto policies, practices, customs and/or usages of wrongfully arresting, illegally stopping, frisking, searching, seizing, abusing, humiliating, degrading and/or maliciously prosecuting individuals who are members of racial/ethnic minority groups such as plaintiff, who is black, on the pretext that they were involved in robbery, narcotics, drugs, guns and/or other crimes.
- 81. Further, the existence of the aforesaid unconstitutional policies, practices, customs and/or usages may be inferred from repeated occurrences of similar wrongful conduct.
- 82. For example, in *Floyd v. City of New York*, 813 F. Supp. 2d 417, 422 (S.D.N.Y. 2011), the Southern District of New York ("SDNY") observed that the City had been accused of racial profiling on multiple occasions and that it had settled at least one of the lawsuits brought against it concerning racial profiling.
- 83. In *Ligon v. City of New York*, 925 F. Supp. 2d 478, 485-86 (S.D.N.Y. 2013), the SDNY observed that the City of New York, acting through the NYPD, engages in unlawful stop and frisk. *See also Davis v. City of New York*, 959 F. Supp. 2d 324 (S.D.N.Y. 2013) (same).
- 84. Defendant City has settled numerous lawsuits in this district against several officers assigned to the NYPD alleging, among other things, that the officers fabricated evidence, and falsely arrested the plaintiffs without probable

- cause. See, e.g., Eddie Holley v. City of New York (18 CV 6487); Warren Monk v. City of New York (18 CV 6458); Sianna Stewart v. City of New York (18 CV 4841); Julien Ford v. City of New York (18 CV 3620); Ramel King v. City of New York (17 CV 4494); Eric Davis v. City of New York (16 CV 385); Jimmy Wilson v. City of New York (15 CV 6326); Crystal Whitfield v. City of New York (14 CV 6085).
- 85. Despite the numerous complaints of civil rights violations described hereinabove, there has been no meaningful attempt on the part of defendant City to forestall further incidents and/or even to investigate claims that police officers routinely arrest innocent citizens without probable cause.
- As a result of defendant City's failure to properly train, supervise or discipline its police officers, defendant officers unlawfully arrested the plaintiff.
- 87. Defendant City of New York maintained the above described policies, practices, customs or usages knowing fully well that the policies, practices, customs or usages lead to improper conduct by its police officers and employees. In failing to take any corrective actions, defendant City acted with deliberate indifference, and its failure was a direct and proximate cause of plaintiff's injuries as described herein.
- 88. The actions of defendants, acting under color of State law, deprived plaintiff of her due process rights, and rights, remedies, privileges, and immunities under the laws and Constitution of the United States, treatise, ordinances, customary international law and norms, custom and usage of a right; in particular, the right to be secure in her person and property, to be free from abuse of process, the excessive use of force and the right to due process.
- 89. By these actions, defendants have deprived plaintiff of rights secured by treatise, ordinances, customary international law and norms, custom and usage of a right, and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eight and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: NEW YORK STATE CONSTITUTION, ARTICLE I, §§ 5, 6, 8, 11 & 12 - against defendants

- 90. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 89 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 91. By reason of the foregoing, and by arresting, detaining and imprisoning plaintiff without probable cause or reasonable suspicion, and harassing and assaulting her and depriving her of due process and equal protection of laws, defendants deprived plaintiff of rights, remedies, privileges, and immunities guaranteed to every New Yorker by Article I, § 5 (prohibiting cruel and unusual punishments), Article 1, § 6 (providing for due process), Article 1, § 8 (guaranteeing freedom of speech), Article 1, § 11 (prohibiting discrimination in civil rights and providing for equal protection of laws) & Article I, § 12 (prohibiting unreasonable searches & seizures) of the New York Constitution.
- 92. In addition, the individual officers conspired among themselves and conspired with other individuals to deprive plaintiff of her constitutional rights secured by Article I, §§ 5, 6, 8, 11 & 12 of the New York Constitution, and took numerous overt steps in furtherance of such conspiracy, as set forth above.
- 93. The individual officers acted under pretense and color of state law and in their individual and official capacities and within the scope of their respective employments as officers, agents, or employees. The individual officers' acts were beyond the scope of their jurisdiction, without authority of law, and in abuse of their powers. The individual officers acted willfully, knowingly, and with the specific intent to deprive plaintiff of her constitutional rights secured by Article I, §§ 5, 6, 8, 11 & 12 of the New York Constitution.
- 94. Defendants, their officers, agents, servants, and employees were responsible for the deprivation of plaintiff's state constitutional rights.

<u>ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: TORTS (FALSE ARREST/IMPRISONMENT) - against defendants</u>

- 95. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 94 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 96. The conduct of the defendants, as described herein, amounted to false arrest/imprisonment.
- 97. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION: TORTS (ASSAULT AND BATTERY) - against defendants

- 98. By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 97 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 99. By reason of and as a consequence of the conduct of defendant officers, plaintiff sustained bodily injuries with the accompanying pain.
- 100. The conduct of the defendants, as described herein, amounted to assault and battery.
- 101. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: TORTS (NEGLIGENT AND INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS) - against defendants

- By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 101 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 103. The defendants engaged in extreme and outrageous conduct, intentionally and recklessly causing severe emotional distress to plaintiff.
- 104. Plaintiff's emotional distress has damaged her personal and professional life because of the severe mental pain and anguish which were inflicted through deliberate and malicious actions including the arrest, assault, detention and imprisonment by defendants.

105. Consequently, plaintiff has been damaged and hereby demands compensatory and punitive damages in an amount to be proven at trial against each of the defendants, individually and severally.

FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT HIRING AND RETENTION OF EMPLOYMENT SERVICES - against defendant City

- By this reference, plaintiff incorporates each and every allegation and averment set forth in paragraphs 1 through 105 of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 107. Upon information and belief, defendant City, through its various agencies and departments including the defendants in this action, owed a duty of care to plaintiff to prevent the physical and mental abuse sustained by plaintiff.
- 108. Upon information and belief, defendant City, through its various agencies and departments including the defendants in this action, owed a duty of care to plaintiff because under the same or similar circumstances a reasonable, prudent and careful person should have anticipated that an injury to plaintiff or to those in a like situation would probably result from such conduct described herein.
- 109. Upon information and belief, defendant City knew or should have known through the exercise of reasonable diligence that defendant officers were not prudent and were potentially dangerous.
- 110. Upon information and belief, defendant City's negligence in hiring and retaining defendant officers proximately caused plaintiff's injuries.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff respectfully prays judgment as follows:

- a. For compensatory damages against all defendants in an amount to be proven at trial;
- b. For exemplary and punitive damages against all defendants in an amount to be proven at trial;
- c. For costs of suit herein, including plaintiff's reasonable attorney's fees; and:
- d. For such other and further relief as the court deems proper.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to Rule 38 (b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, plaintiff demands a trial by jury.

Dated: Brooklyn, New York June 26, 2019

UGO UZOH, P.C.

/s/

By: Ugochukwu Uzoh

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